

고등학교 졸업학력 검정고시 영어 개정교육 보충강의 실용영어 I : 독해편

- 문장 독해를 위한 기본 지식

● 문장성분

단어가 문장 속에서 하는 역할을 의미한다.

★ 문장성분에는 주어(S), 서술어(동사, V), 목적어(O), 보어(C)가 있다.

① 주어 : 우리말 ‘은, 는, 이, 가’로 해석되며 문장의 주인이다.

주어가 될 수 있는 품사는 명사, 대명사

ex> The girl / in the picture / is my sister. //

그 소녀는 사진에 있는 나의 여자형제이다.

② 서술어 : 우리말 ~다 (~이다, ~하다)라고 해석되며 서술어가 될 수 있는 품사는 동사뿐이다.

③ 목적어 : 우리말 ‘을(를), 에게’로 해석된다. (직접목적어 / D.O, 간접목적어 / I.O)

목적어가 될 수 있는 품사는 명사, 대명사

ex> I read a book everyday.

나는 읽는다 하나의 책을 매일

ex> They give me a book.

그들은 준다 나에게 하나의 책을 매일

④ 보어 : 우리말로 ‘~한 상태’로 해석할 수 있다. (주격보어 / S.C, 목적격보어 / O.C)

주어나 목적어와 동격이 되거나 보충설명 해준다.

보어가 될 수 있는 품사는 형용사, 명사, 대명사

ex> He is good-looking and kind. (형용사 : S ≠ C)

그는 잘생기고 친절하다. (그의 상태를 보충해줌)

ex> Mike is a dancer. (명사 : S = C)

Mike는 댄서이다. (마이크와 댄서가 동격이 됨)

※ 모든 영어문장에서는 항상 주어와 서술어를 먼저 찾아야 한다.

★ 문장에서 서술어부 찾는 방법

① 문장의 술어부가 be(am, are, is, was, were)이면 해석은 '∼이다, ∼있다'로 해석한다.

ex> My teacher / is kind / to me. //

나의 선생님은/ 친절하다/ 나에게 //

ex> My mother / is / in her room. //

나의 어머니는/ 있다 / 그녀의 방에 //

※ be 동사가 '∼있다'로 해석되는 경우에는 be동사 다음에 장소의 전치사가 온다.

② 문장의 술어부는 일반동사를 쓴다.(단, 시제와 인칭에 맞게 쓴다)

ex> eat, study, bring, come, play.....

③ 조동사가 있는 문장은 조동사와 동사를 함께 해석한다.

ex> She can speak / English / very well. //

그녀는 말할 수 있다/ 영어를 / 매우 잘 //

④ 문장의 술어부가 'be동사 + ~ing'의 형태라면 진행형의 문장이며,

be동사의 시제에 따라 과거진행형, 현재진행형, 미래진행형으로 구분한다.

ex> My mother / is washing the dish. //

나의 엄마는 / 설거지를 하고 계신다. //

⑤ 문장의 술어부가 'be동사 + p.p(과거분사)'의 형태라면 수동태의 문장이다.

ex> Rome / was not built / in a day. //

로마는 / 이루어지지 않았다 / 하루에 //

⑥ 문장의 술어부에 have(has, had)만 있다면 '∼을 먹다, ∼을 가지다'로 해석되지만,

'have + p.p'의 형태라면 완료시제를 나타내며 역시 have동사의 시제에 따라 과거완료,

현재완료, 미래완료로 구분한다. 단, 'have + to + 동사원형'의 형태라면 have to를 must의 의미인 '∼해야 한다'로 해석한다.

ex> He / has lost / the MP3 player. //

그는 / 잃어버렸다 / mp3를 //

ex> Everyone has to wear/ seat belt/ in a car. //

모든 사람은 착용해야 한다 / 좌석 벨트를 / 차안에서 //

● 끊어읽기

문장을 앞에서부터 뒤로 읽어나가는 직독과 직해를 함께 있어서는 의미 단위별로 끊어 읽는 것이 필요하다. 이는 말로 표현할 때도 역시 중요한 것이다. 또한 의미단위로 끊어 읽기를 하기 위해서는 무엇보다도 문장에서의 주어와 동사를 찾는 것이 가장 중요하다. 주요한 끊어 읽기의 요령은 다음과 같다. 끊어 읽는 부분에서는 '/'로 표시하고, 문장이 끝나는 곳에서는 '//'로 표시한다.

① 주어가 긴 경우에는 주어 다음에 끊어 읽는다. 대개 동사 앞까지가 주어이다.

ex> Eating too much food / is not good / for health. //

너무 많이 먹는 것은 / 좋지 않다 / 건강에 //

ex> What I need most / is your love. //

내가 가장 필요한 것은 / 너의 사랑이다.

② 목적어나 보어가 긴 경우에는 그 앞에서 끊어 읽는다.

ex> I recommend / eating / in that restaurant. //

나는 추천했다 / 먹을 것을 / 저 식당에서 //

ex> To know oneself is / one of / the most difficult things. //

자신을 아는 것은 / ~이다 / ~중의 하나/ 가장 어려운 것들 //

③ 긴 수식어 전후에서 끊는다.(전치사 앞에서 끊는다)

ex> He is famous / for his ability / to write / highly effective music for movies. //

그는 유명하다 / 그의 능력으로 / 작곡하는 / 대단히 효과적인 영화음악을

ex> She was born / in the poor family / in Poland / on November 7, 1867. //

그녀는 태어났다 / 가난한 가정에서 / 폴란드에서 / 1867년 11월 7일에 //

④ 접속사나 관계사 앞에서 끊어 읽는다.

ex> I don't know / whether he is at home or not. //

나는 모른다 / 그가 집에 있는지 없는지를

ex> The fact is / that our life is not long enough. //

사실은 / that 이하이다 / 우리의 인생이 충분히 길지 않다는 것

ex> Did anyone call/ while I was away? //

누가 전화 했을까 / 내가 없는 동안에 //

◎ 독해연습 1

1. Katie and Dad / were making / something.

They did not tell / Mom / what they were doing.

They used / paper and sticks. They worked / for a long time.

After lunch, / Katie said / to Mom, / "Come to the park / with us.

We have / a surprise / for you."

They all went / to the park.

The surprise was / a beautiful kite.

It went / high up / in the sky.

2. Mr. Root was cutting / the grass.

There was / a car / parked across the street.

The car's horn began / to blow.

Mr. Root looked at / the car.

He could not see / any one!

Mr. Root went / across the street / to look into the car.

Sitting in the car was / a little dog.

It had / its paw / on the horn.

Mr. Root laughed.

"Now / I know / a way / the horn was blowing." / he said.

3. Rosa's father liked / to ride his bike.

When Rosa got / a new bike, / she asked," / Can we take a ride / on our bikes?

Father said / they could ride / to the zoo.

They got on / their bikes / and / started.

Rosa didn't know / that the zoo was so far away.

They rode and rode.

After they got to the zoo, / they had to ride / all the way home.

Rosa said, / "Next time, / let's take a short ride."

4. Doris and her family / were moving / to another town.

Doris was not happy / because / she couldn't take / her cat, / Fluff.

Their new house / would be / too small.

The day they moved, / Doris gave / Fluff / to a friend.

Doris liked / her new house, / but / she missed / her cat.

One day, / Doris opened / the front door.

There was / Fluff!

The cat had walked / 100 miles / to find Doris.

5. Luisa wanted / to make breakfast / for her family.
She planned / what she would make.
She found / the foods / she would need.
She didn't tell / anyone.
When / the family got up / the next morning, / the house smelled / good.
There was / foods / on the table.
"Where / did this / come from?" / asked mother.
Luisa smiled.
Then / everyone knew.
They sat down / to eat / the good food / she had made.
6. Elena's baby brother / was crying.
Elena thought / he must be / hungry.
She gave / him / some food.
He would not eat.
She gave / him / something to drink.
He would not drink.
She took him / for a walk.
Still / he cried and cried.
Then Elena started / to sing a song.
The baby / stopped crying.
She made / funny faces. He laughed.
She rocked / him. He went / to sleep.
Taking care of the baby / was / a lot of work.
7. Ms. Hill wanted / to find / a good job.
She thought / about the things / she liked to do.
She had always liked / to read.
She was good at / making up / stories.
She liked / watching TV, too.
"Someone / thinks up/ what people will say / on TV," / she thought.
"I'd like to do / that."
Now / Ms. Hill works / for TV.
She makes up / stories / for the people / on TV.
She gives / them / the words to say.
She knows / she has found / the right job.

● 독해 연습 2

1. 읽글을 읽고 Los Angeles에 대하여 우리말로 자세히 설명해 보시오.

Hi, I'm Lisa Johnson. I'm from Los Angeles. The name means "The City of Angels." It is a big city. There is Hollywood in Los Angeles. They make many movies there. Oh, there is Koreatown, too. There are many Koreans in Koreatown. There are many Korean stores. Where are you from? Is your hometown a small city or a big city?

2. 소라의 일과를 정리해 보시오.

So-ra goes to school at eight o'clock. School starts at nine o'clock. So-ra is never late for school. She likes English and science. Her class usually finishes at three o'clock. She often plays badminton after school. So-ra and her friends have a good time at school. Sora usually comes home at six. She sometimes watches TV before dinner. She usually does her homework after dinner. She usually goes to bed at ten thirty, but she goes to bed around eleven thirty on Saturdays. She has a busy day.

- 3.

In-ho's family is very busy every day. They have no chance to talk together. In-ho's dad goes to work by car at seven. He usually comes home late in the evening. In-ho's mom runs a toy shop and often feels tired at night. In-ho's brother, sister and In-ho study hard. Sometimes they play computer games together. In-ho's family doesn't have any time to exercise together. In-ho thinks they should start exercising. In-ho will make an exercise plan for his family.

- (1) How many are there in In-ho's family?
- (2) What does In-ho's mom do for a living?
- (3) How does In-ho's dad go to work?
- (4) What will In-ho make for his family?

4. 밑글의 줄거리를 요약해 보시오.

A little rabbit got lost in a forest. He went around the forest to look for something to eat. It got darker and darker. The rabbit felt very tired. He fell asleep under a tree. A lion found the rabbit. The lion said, "I will eat you right now. I'm very hungry." A bear was passing by and said to the lion, "Don't touch that rabbit. It's mine! I found it before you." "Oh, no! I found it first. It's mine," the lion said. They began to fight over the rabbit. At last, they became tired. Then a fox came by and said, "Thanks, my good friends." The smart fox laughed at them. Then he went away with the rabbit.

5. 위의 대화와 내용이 일치하는 것은?

Na-ri : This is a good place for lunch.
 U-ram : I agree. The people are nice and the food is good here.
 Sally : How often do you come here?
 Na-ri : Once a week.
 Sally : How about you, U-ram?
 U-ram : I come here two or three times a month.
 Na-ri : I want to come here more often.
 Sally : Wow, this place is very busy.
 U-ram : Yeah. We'd better stay in line.
 Sally : That's a good idea.

- ① 세 사람은 저녁을 먹으려고 한다.
- ② 이 음식점의 사람들은 친절하지 못하다.
- ③ 이 음식점은 사람들로 붐빈다.
- ④ 나리는 한 달에 두세 번 이 음식점에 온다.
- ⑤ 우람은 이 곳에 더 자주 오고 싶어한다.

6. 밑줄 친 ① ~ ④ 의 문장을 순서대로 배열해 보시오.

Mrs. King is going to the market. She has some eggs. ① She can be rich. ② She can sell the eggs and buy a cow. ③ She can sell the milk. ④ The cow can give the milk...
 But, oh, no! Mrs. King drops the eggs and breaks them!

7. 읽글을 통하여 알 수 있는 벌의 종류와 하는 일을 쓰시오.

Bees are some of the most useful insects to people. They make honey. Honey is made by worker bees. Field bees and house bees are called worker bees. Field bees get something sweet from flowers. When they collect it, they take it to the house bees. They work as a team and make honey together. There are three kinds of bees. Most bees are small worker bees. There are also a few male bees. They are a little bigger than worker bees. The male bees don't work. The biggest bee is the queen. The queen stays at home and lays eggs. So the worker bees feed her.

8.

How can you have good health? Good health comes from good habits. Many students eat too much fast food these days. Sometimes they watch TV or play computer games until late at night. And they don't exercise enough. These are all bad habits. A healthy person has a good diet, gets enough sleep, and exercises every day.

(1) 읽글을 통하여 알 수 있는 많은 학생들의 문제점은 무엇인가?

(2) 좋은 습관을 갖기 위해 읽글에서 제시하고 있는 것은 무엇인가?

9. 읽글을 우리말로 옮기시오.

The earth is very important. We get air, water, and food from the earth. But the earth is too dirty. There is too much trash on the earth. We can't live on the sick earth. And we can't live with trash. But we can save the earth. Don't throw away trash. Recycle trash.

10. 읽글을 우리말로 옮기시오.

A lot of thick smoke and bad gas are coming from factories and cars. These things make the air dirty. Then, dirty air makes us sick. Also, a lot of dirty water is coming from factories and houses. Where does this dirty water go? It goes into rivers. Of course, fish can't live in dirty rivers. We can't swim in them, either. I want to breathe fresh air, and swim in clean rivers. I also want to walk through clean and beautiful parks. I really want to live in a nice home.

11. 각자의 고민이 무엇인지 써 보시오.

Dear Abby,
I am a little overweight. But I really like sweets. Ice cream is my favorite food.
What can I do?

-Mike

Dear Abby,
All my friends are pretty. They have boyfriends, but I don't. I am short and I have small eyes. Boys don't look at me. Sometimes they make fun of me. There's a nice boy in my class. I like him, but he doesn't know me at all. What can I do?

-Lisa

Dear Abby,
I have too much homework. I usually study 10 hours a day. I have headaches every day.
What can I do?

-Jim

Dear Abby,
I have a five-year-old brother. My parents love him more than me. I have to take care of him. I play with him and watch his stupid TV programs. Last week he broke a fish tank. All our fish died. I said to him, "Don't go near the fish tank." He just didn't listen to me. But Dad said, "You don't look after him well." I was really sad. What can I do?

-Kelly

Dear Abby,
I can't get up on time in the morning. I am always late for school. What can I do?

-Paul

(1) Mike :

(2) Lisa :

(3) Jim :

(4) Kelly :

(5) Paul :

12. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Su-jin : What time is it, Cathy?
 Cathy : It's a (㉠ 9시 15분이야.)
 Su-jin : My favorite drama is now on TV. Let's watch some TV.
 Cathy : I don't like to watch TV.
 Su-jin : Why not?
 Cathy : TV is bad. It's just a (㉡) of time.
 Su-jin : What do you like to do?
 Cathy : I like to playing outside.

(1) 위의 ㉠에 알맞은 것은?

- ① nine to fifteen
- ② nine past fifteen
- ③ thirty to nine
- ④ quarter past nine
- ⑤ quarter to nine

(2) 위의 ㉡에 문맥상 알맞은 말은?

- ① money
- ② spare
- ③ waste
- ④ gold
- ⑤ fun

● 독해 연습 3 - 기출문제

1. 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 말을 고르시오.

Just before a rain, when the air becomes humid, spiders build more and larger nets.
They seem to know that insects will be easier to catch when the humidity is _____.
The wet weather makes it difficult for them to fly.

* humidity : 습도

- ① dry
- ② high
- ③ weak
- ④ empty

2. 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 말을 고르시오.

In general, men tend to like cooler colors such as blues and greens while women tend to like warmer colors such as reds and pinks. However, choice of a color is becoming specific to each person regardless of the _____ between men and women.

- ① height
- ② income
- ③ difference
- ④ friendship

3. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 알맞은 것은?

There are many ways to save the environment. First, recycle a can. Then you can save enough energy to run a TV for two hours. Second, try to walk, ride a bike, or use a bus or a subway. Also, take a shorter shower. These can save the Earth.

- ① Take a Walk!
- ② Enjoy Your Life!
- ③ Brush Your Teeth!
- ④ Help the Environment!

4. 다음 글의 전체 흐름과 관계가 없는 문장은?

Teens who cannot stop using computers by themselves show various symptoms.

① They become upset when not using computers. ② Some stay up all night to use computers. ③ You should protect animals. ④ These symptoms can be harmful to teens' health.

* symptom : 증상

5. 글의 흐름으로 보아 빈칸에 알맞은 것은?

You know the old saying, “-----.” One of the best ways to get knowledge is reading. By reading, you can travel around the whole world and get much information. Reading can make you more powerful.

- ① Easy come, easy go
- ② Knowledge is power
- ③ Charity begins at home
- ④ Honesty is the best policy

6. 글의 흐름으로 보아 빈칸에 알맞은 것은?

Every society has rules of etiquette that people are expected to _____. We need to be careful about what we say and do. Etiquette helps us to be respectful of others.

- ① follow
- ② spend
- ③ strike
- ④ travel

7. 글의 흐름으로 보아 빈칸에 알맞은 것은?

The other day while I was surfing the Internet, I found some of my pictures on another website. The site used them without my _____. That's illegal!

- ① life
- ② time
- ③ emotion
- ④ permission

8. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 알맞은 것은?

Too much stress can seriously affect your health. Let's talk about tips to deal with your stress. Start by doing some physical activity. If that doesn't work, talk about your problems with someone.

- ① Where to Get a Job
- ② When to Get Married
- ③ How to Manage Stress
- ④ How to Make New Friends

9. 밑줄 친 It(it)이 가리키는 것은?

It is yellow dust from the deserts of northern China. When it comes to Korea, the air becomes dirty. It makes people wear masks outside.

- ① 안개
- ② 황사
- ③ 가뭄
- ④ 폭우

10. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 알맞은 것은?

If you want a good friendship with someone, you should try to give first. To build a good friendship, you should try to be a giver, not a taker. By doing so, you can get a good friend.

- ① How to Donate Money
- ② The Type of Unfriendly People
- ③ How to Build a Good Friendship
- ④ The Benefit of Taking Something